

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend Claims 1, 4, 5, 10, 19, 32, 36 and 37 and add new Claims 39 – 41 as follows:

- 5
1. (Currently amended) An inductive device, comprising:  
a magnetically permeable core having a gap formed therein;  
at least one winding disposed proximate to said core;  
a U-shaped magnetically permeable element disposed at least partially within said gap, said  
10 U-shaped element being disposed so that a radius of said U-shape is oriented towards the center of  
said magnetically permeable core; and  
an insulator disposed ~~proximate~~ substantially inside of said U-shaped ~~to said~~ magnetically permeable element;  
wherein said permeable element, core, and insulator cooperate to provide a desired  
15 inductance characteristic as a function of current.
2. (Original) The inductive device of Claim 1, wherein said magnetically permeable element comprises an alloy of metals.
3. (Original) The inductive device of Claim 1, wherein said winding is disposed at a prescribed distance from said gap.
- 20 4. (Currently amended) The inductive device of Claim 1, wherein said ~~gap~~  
~~comprises a substantially "V" shape~~ U-shaped magnetically permeable element is secured via an  
adhesive, said adhesive applied to the outside surface of said magnetically permeable core.
5. (Currently amended) The inductive device of Claim 1, wherein said inductance characteristic comprises ~~an~~ a first substantially discrete inductance value associated with a first  
25 condition which is substantially larger than ~~the~~ a second substantially discrete value associated with a second condition, said first and second conditions being a function of DC current.
6. (Original) The inductive device of Claim 5, wherein said device is adapted for use in a telecommunications circuit, and said first condition comprises an "on-hook" current, and said second condition comprises and "off-hook" current.
- 30 7. – 9. (Canceled)

Application No. : 10/666,580  
Filed : September 17, 2003

10. (Currently amended) An inductive device, comprising:  
a magnetically permeable toroidal core having a gap formed therein;  
at least one winding wound around at least a portion of said core; and  
means for magnetically bridging said gap, said means for bridging cooperating with said  
5 core and at least one winding to provide a desired inductance characteristic for said device by  
movably positioning said means within said gap during operation thereof in a circuit.

11. - 18. (Canceled)

19. (Currently amended) An inductive device adapted for use in a telecommunications  
circuit, said device having a controlled inductance characteristic, comprising:

10 a magnetically permeable toroidal core having one gap formed therein  
at least one winding wound on said core; and  
at least one magnetically permeable element, said at least one magnetically permeable  
element comprising a permalloy comprising approximately 80-percent nickel adapted to bridge at  
least a portion of said gap;

15 wherein said inductance characteristic comprises an inductance value associated with an  
“on-hook” current which is substantially larger than the inductance value associated with an “off-  
hook” current, said on-hook and off-hook inductance values being substantially constant as a  
function of their respective ones of said currents.

20. (Original) The device of Claim 19, wherein:  
20 said at least one element is formed of a magnetically permeable material and in a first  
predetermined configuration; and  
said gap is formed in a second predetermined configuration;  
said first and second predetermined configurations and said material cooperating to  
provide said inductance characteristic.

25 21. (Original) The device of Claim 20, wherein said first predetermined configuration  
comprises a reduced cross-sectional area of said element, and said second predetermined  
configuration comprises a particular gap width and shape.

22. (Canceled)

23. -25. (Canceled)

30 26. (Original) A controlled induction electronic device, comprising:  
a substantially toroidal core having a gap formed therein;

at least one permeable element having first and second regions and being disposed substantially across said gap, said first and second region being in direct physical contact with respective portions of said core on either side of said gap;

a coating covering substantially all of said core and said at least one element; and

at least one winding disposed around said core and substantially atop said coating.

27. (Previously presented) An inductive device, comprising:

a substantially toroidal core having a gap formed therein, said gap extending at least partly through the thickness of said core;

a quantity of a first material, said first material adapted to change at least one physical property upon at least one application of a stimulus;

a magnetically permeable element adapted to bridge at least a portion of said gap; and

said first material, said permeable element, and said core are proximate one another in such fashion that when said stimulus is applied, said permeable element is brought into close cooperation with said core.

28. (Previously presented) The inductive device of Claim 27, wherein said first material is a heat-reactive tubing, said heat-reactive tubing changing in at least one physical dimension in response to said stimulus.

29. (Previously presented) The inductive device of Claim 28, wherein said permeable element comprises a sheet of alloy-based material, said sheet being configured to conform substantially to a portion of a periphery region of said gap during said application of said stimulus.

30. (Previously presented) An inductive device, comprising:

a substantially toroidal core having a gap formed therein, said gap extending at least partly through a thickness of said core;

a quantity of responsive material, said material adapted to change at least one physical property upon at least one application of a stimulus; and

a magnetically permeable element adapted to bridge at least a portion of said gap, wherein said permeable element and said core are proximate one another and substantially within a volume formed by said responsive material;

wherein said responsive material, in response to said stimulus, forces said permeable material into communication with said core, thereby bridging said gap.

Application No. : 10/666,580  
Filed : September 17, 2003

31. (Previously presented) The inductive device of Claim 30, further comprising:  
a first substantially insulating coating covering at least portions of the surface of said  
device; and

5 a plurality of turns of a conductor disposed around said core and substantially atop said  
coating.

32. (Currently amended) The inductive device of Claim 31, further comprising:  
a second substantially insulating coating, wherein said second coating coats at least a  
portion of said ~~device and at least a portion of said~~ plurality of turns.

10 33. (Previously presented) A controlled induction electronic device, comprising:  
a substantially toroidal core having a gap formed therein;  
a permeable gap-bridging element, wherein said element is disposed substantially across  
said gap;

a first coating, said first coating substantially coating said core and said element; and  
a plurality of conductor turns on said core.

15 34. (Previously presented) The controlled induction electronic device of Claim 33,  
wherein at least portions of said element are in direct physical contact with respective sides of said  
core proximate said gap; and

said element and said core are substantially fixed in position relative to one another.

20 35. (Previously presented) The controlled induction electronic device of Claim 34,  
wherein said first coating comprises parylene applied using at least one of a vacuum or vapor  
deposition process.

36. (Currently amended) An inductive device having a controlled inductance,  
comprising:

a magnetically permeable toroid core having a gap formed therein;

25 at least one wind of conductive material wound around said core in a predetermined  
manner, said winding disposed at least ~~a predetermined distance~~ thirty degrees from said gap;

a thin sheet of magnetically permeable material, wherein said sheet of magnetically  
permeable material is folded at least once, said thin sheet when folded being wider and taller than  
the respective dimensions of said gap; and

30 an insulating element adapted to be inserted between said folded sheet of said magnetically  
permeable material;

wherein said folded sheet and at least one insulating element are at least partially inserted within said gap such that portions of said sheet physically contact said core.

37. (Currently amended) A controlled inductive device, comprising:

a magnetically permeable toroid core having a gap extending through at least a portion

5 thereof, said gap having sidewalls associated therewith;

a plurality of conductive turns around said core;

an ultra-thin [[a]] magnetically permeable element comprising a permalloy material having approximately 80-percent nickel at least partially within said gap of said toroid; and

10 an insulating element, wherein said insulating element is disposed within said magnetically permeable element such that said permeable element physically contacts said core.

38. (Previously presented) The controlled inductive device of Claim 37, wherein said gap is sized so as to produce a resulting inductance of approximately 8 mH.

39. (New) The controlled inductive device of Claim 38, wherein said insulating element material is selected from the group consisting of kapton or mylar.

15 40. (New) The inductive device having a controlled inductance of Claim 36, wherein said predetermined manner is a uniformly spaced winding.

41. (New) The inductive device having a controlled inductance of Claim 36, wherein said gap is a V-shaped gap.